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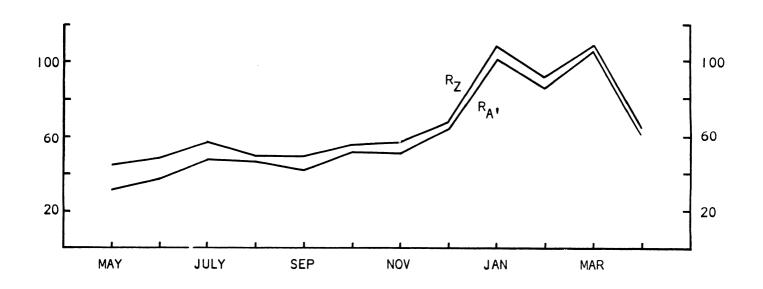
April 1967

## SOLAR ACTIVITY DURING APRIL

Solar activity remained at a rather low level throughout most of April. A sudden ionospheric disturbance was recorded in association with a flare on the 11th. A reproduction of a recording of this event appears on page two. Several other small ionospheric disturbances were recorded by Solar Division observers during the first few days of the month.

Sunspot activity took a big drop from the level of last month. The monthly mean of the American sunspot number fell to 61.9 from 105.0 in March. April was characterized by many small sunspot groups. Only one group grew large enough to be classified as an E-type group. This was a southern group which first started to develop near the central meridian on 6th. Magnetically this group was classified as betagamma from 8 to 10 April. As this group neared the west limb, it produced several class 2 flares one of which produced the sudden ionospheric disturbance mentioned above.

## RECENT TREND OF RELATIVE SUNSPOT NUMBERS

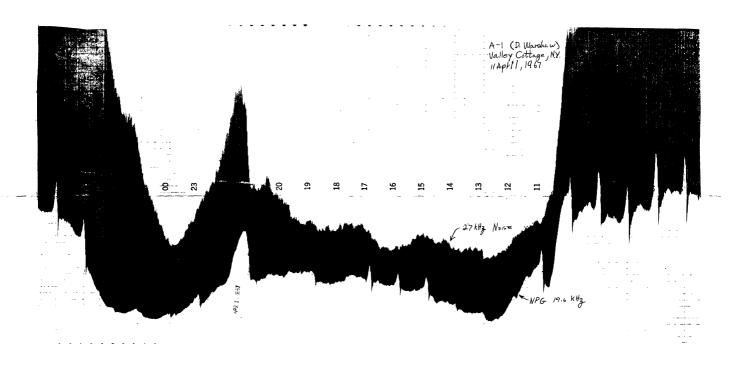


AMERICAN ( $R_A$ ,) AND ZURICH ( $R_Z$ ) RELATIVE SUNSPOT NUMBERS, APRIL 1967

day	R <sub>A</sub> ,	$^{\mathtt{R}}\mathtt{Z}$	DAY	RA.	$^{ m R}{_{ m Z}}$
1	88	105	16	14	32
2	50	79	17	36	42
3	38	54	18	40	58
4	49	52	19	35	56
5	64	62	20	51	44
6 7 8 9	63 91 107 78 64	63 79 104 67 62	21 22 23 24 25	67 78 76 81 75	60 76 94 74 78
11	55	62	26	55	66
12	47	51	27	79	55
13	55	63	28	78	76
14	51	48	29	83	79
15	37	51	30	71	66

April mean  $R_{A}$  = 61.9

April mean  $R_Z = 65.3$ 



Sudden ionospheric disturbance starting at 2109 UT, 11 April 1967. A time-sharing system was used in which the recorder indicates the intensity of atmospheric noise at the top of the wide trace, and the signal strength of NPG, 19.6 kHz, on the bottom.